

Design & Emerging Technologies





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The ACT Senior Secondary System

The ACT senior secondary system recognises a range of university, vocational or life skills pathways.

The system is based on the premise that teachers are experts in their area: they know their students and community and are thus best placed to develop curriculum and assess students according to their needs and interests. Students have ownership of their learning and are respected as young adults who have a voice.

A defining feature of the system is school-based curriculum and continuous assessment. School-based curriculum provides flexibility for teachers to address students' needs and interests. College teachers have an opportunity to develop courses for implementation across ACT schools. Based on the courses that have been accredited by the BSSS, college teachers are responsible for developing programs of learning. A program of learning is developed by individual colleges to implement the courses and units they are delivering.

Teachers must deliver all content descriptions; however, they do have flexibility to emphasise some content descriptions over others. It is at the discretion of the teacher to select the texts or materials to demonstrate the content descriptions. Teachers can choose to deliver course units in any order and teach additional (not listed) content provided it meets the specific unit goals.

School-based continuous assessment means that students are continually assessed throughout years 11 and 12, with both years contributing equally to senior secondary certification. Teachers and students are positioned to have ownership of senior secondary assessment. The system allows teachers to learn from each other and to refine their judgement and develop expertise.

Senior secondary teachers have the flexibility to assess students in a variety of ways. For example: multimedia presentation, inquiry-based project, test, essay, performance and/or practical demonstration may all have their place. College teachers are responsible for developing assessment instruments with task specific rubrics and providing feedback to students.

The integrity of the ACT Senior Secondary Certificate is upheld by a robust, collaborative and rigorous structured consensus-based peer reviewed moderation process. System moderation involves all year 11 and 12 teachers from public, non-government and international colleges delivering the ACT Senior Secondary Certificate.

Only students who desire a pathway to university are required to sit a general aptitude test, referred to as the ACT Scaling Test (AST), which moderates student scores across courses and colleges. Students are required to use critical and creative thinking skills across a range of disciplines to solve problems. They are also required to interpret a stimulus and write an extended response.

Senior secondary curriculum makes provision for student-centred teaching approaches, integrated and project-based learning inquiry, formative assessment and teacher autonomy. ACT Senior Secondary Curriculum makes provision for diverse learners and students with mild to moderate intellectual disabilities, so that all students can achieve an ACT Senior Secondary Certificate.

The ACT Board of Senior Secondary Studies (BSSS) leads senior secondary education. It is responsible for quality assurance in senior secondary curriculum, assessment and certification. The Board consists of nominees from colleges, professional bodies, universities, industry, parent/carer organisations and unions. The Office of the Board of Senior Secondary Studies (OBSSS) consists of professional and administrative staff who support the Board in achieving its objectives and functions.

ACT Senior Secondary Certificate

Courses of study for the ACT Senior Secondary Certificate:

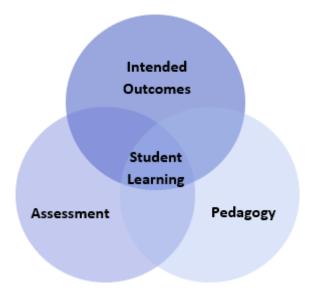
- provide a variety of pathways, to meet different learning needs and encourage students to complete their secondary education
- enable students to develop the essential capabilities for twenty-first century learners
- empower students as active participants in their own learning
- engage students in contemporary issues relevant to their lives
- foster students' intellectual, social and ethical development
- nurture students' wellbeing, and physical and spiritual development
- enable effective and respectful participation in a diverse society.

Each course of study:

- comprises an integrated and interconnected set of knowledge, skills, behaviours and dispositions that students develop and use in their learning across the curriculum
- is based on a model of learning that integrates intended student outcomes, pedagogy and assessment
- outlines teaching strategies which are grounded in learning principles and encompass quality teaching
- promotes intellectual quality, establish a rich learning environment and generate relevant connections between learning and life experiences
- provides formal assessment and certification of students' achievements.

Underpinning beliefs

- All students are able to learn.
- Learning is a partnership between students and teachers.
- Teachers are responsible for advancing student learning.



Learning Principles

- 1. Learning builds on existing knowledge, understandings and skills. (*Prior knowledge*)
- 2. When learning is organised around major concepts, principles and significant real world issues, within and across disciplines, it helps students make connections and build knowledge structures. (Deep knowledge and connectedness)
- 3. Learning is facilitated when students actively monitor their own learning and consciously develop ways of organising and applying knowledge within and across contexts.

 (Metacognition)
- 4. Learners' sense of self and motivation to learn affects learning. (Self-concept)
- 5. Learning needs to take place in a context of high expectations. (*High expectations*)
- 6. Learners learn in different ways and at different rates. (Individual differences)
- 7. Different cultural environments, including the use of language, shape learners' understandings and the way they learn.
 - (Socio-cultural effects)
- 8. Learning is a social and collaborative function as well as an individual one. *(Collaborative learning)*
- Learning is strengthened when learning outcomes and criteria for judging learning are made explicit and when students receive frequent feedback on their progress.
 (Explicit expectations and feedback)

General Capabilities

All courses of study for the ACT Senior Secondary Certificate should enable students to develop essential capabilities for twenty-first century learners. These 'capabilities' comprise an integrated and interconnected set of knowledge, skills, behaviours and dispositions that students develop and use in their learning across the curriculum.

The capabilities include:

- literacy
- numeracy
- information and communication technology (ICT)
- critical and creative thinking
- · personal and social
- · ethical understanding
- intercultural understanding

Courses of study for the ACT Senior Secondary Certificate should be both relevant to the lives of students and incorporate the contemporary issues they face. Hence, courses address the following three priorities. These priorities are:

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander histories and cultures
- Asia and Australia's engagement with Asia
- Sustainability

Elaboration of these General Capabilities and priorities is available on the ACARA website at www.australiancurriculum.edu.au.

Literacy

Students develop literacy as they learn how to communicate ideas, concepts and detailed proposals to a variety of audiences; read and interpret detailed written instructions for specific technologies, often including diagrams and procedural writings such as software user manuals, design briefs, patterns and recipes; prepare accurate, annotated engineering drawings, software instructions and coding; write project outlines, briefs, concept and project management proposals, evaluations, engineering, life cycle and project analysis reports; and prepare detailed specifications for production.

Numeracy

Design and Emerging Technologies gives students opportunities to interpret and use mathematical knowledge and skills in a range of real-life situations. Students use number to calculate, measure and estimate; interpret and draw conclusions from statistics; measure and record throughout the process of generating ideas; develop, refine and test concepts; and cost and sequence when making products and managing projects. In using software, materials, tools and equipment, students work with the concepts of number, geometry, scale, proportion, measurement and volume. They use three-dimensional models, create accurate technical drawings, work with digital models and use computational thinking in decision-making processes when designing and creating best-fit solutions.

Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Capability

Design and Emerging Technologies enables students to develop an understanding of the characteristics of data, digital systems, audiences, procedures and computational thinking. They apply this understanding when they investigate, communicate and create digital solutions. Students learn to formulate problems, logically organise and analyse data, and represent them in abstract forms. Students use ICT when they investigate and analyse information, evaluate design ideas and communicate and collaborate online. They develop design ideas, generate plans and system diagrams to communicate their designs, and produce solutions using digital technologies.

Critical and Creative Thinking

Students develop capability in critical and creative thinking through challenging problems that do not have straightforward solutions. Students identify and deconstruct problems of interest, refine concepts and reflect on the decision-making process by engaging in systems, design and computational thinking. They identify, explore and clarify technologies information and use that knowledge in a range of situations. Students consider how data, information, systems and tools impact on our lives, and how these elements might be better designed and managed. Visualising possibilities, modelling and scoping solutions, designing and working with digital tools, equipment and software helps students to build their visual and spatial thinking, test hypotheses and to create solutions, products and services.

Personal and Social Capability

Students develop personal and social capability as they engage in project management and development in a collaborative workspace. They direct their own learning, plan and carry out investigations, and become independent learners who can apply design thinking, technologies understanding and skills when making decisions. Students develop social and employability skills through working cooperatively in teams, sharing resources and processes, making group decisions, resolving conflict and showing leadership.

Ethical Understanding

Students develop the capacity to understand and apply ethical and socially responsible principles when collaborating with others and creating, sharing and using technologies. When engaged in systems thinking, students evaluate their findings against the criteria of legality, environmental sustainability, economic viability, health, social and emotional responsibility, and social awareness. Students learn about safe and ethical procedures for investigating and working with people, data and materials. They consider their own roles and responsibilities as discerning citizens and learn to detect bias and inaccuracies. Understanding the protection of data, intellectual property and individual privacy in the school environment helps students to be ethical digital citizens.

Intercultural Understanding

Students consider how technologies are used in diverse communities at local, national, regional and global levels, including their impact and potential to transform people's lives. They explore ways in which past and present practices enable people to use technologies to interact with one another across cultural boundaries. Students investigate how cultural identities and traditions influence the function and form of solutions, products, services and environments designed to meet the needs of daily life now and in the future. In their interactions with others in online communities, students consider the dynamic and complex nature of cultures, including values, beliefs, practices and assumptions.

Cross-Curriculum Priorities

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Histories and Cultures

The curriculum may provide an opportunity for students to engage with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander histories and cultures. It acknowledges that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people have longstanding use of technology and design knowledge and traditions. Teachers may reference these as appropriate to course content. This will inform understanding of the Australian environment and use of technology and the ways in which it has changed over time.

Asia and Australia's Engagement with Asia

Students investigate a range of contexts that draw on Asia and Australia's engagement with Asia. Students could explore the technological environment within the Asia region and develop an appreciation that technology developed in one area has significant impacts across the world. Students could appreciate that the Asia region plays an important role in technology and design research and development.

Sustainability

Students appreciate the importance of looking at potential use of materials and design to predict possible effects on human and other activity, and the environment, to develop management plans or alternative technologies that minimise these effects and provide for a more sustainable future.

Design & Emerging Technologies A/T/M

Rationale

Design and Emerging Technology offers students a range of career pathways in design in fields such as engineering, fashion, furniture, jewellery, textile and ceramics, at both professional and vocational levels.

Students will also be able to understand how the selection and use of technologies contributes to a sustainable and improved future. Students studying technologies will learn about the design process and its application.

Students will develop research skills, computational thinking and a range of communication skills. They will refine their interpersonal and intrapersonal skills including collaboration, project management and be able to reflect on their own learning.

Students will have opportunities to use design thinking and apply creativity through structured, collaborative and project-based learning, solve problems, develop practical skills and apply critical thinking in the development of new ideas.

Students will consider and use global perspectives, identify ethical issues related to the technologies in relevant industries and the sustainability of solutions as they manage projects from beginning to end.

Goals

All courses based on this Framework should enable students to:

- analyse problems or challenges to determine needs for solutions or products
- apply the process of design (investigate, design, plan, manage, create, evaluate solutions)
- use critical and creative thinking to design innovative solutions
- produce or create solutions or products to address a need, problem or challenge
- evaluate and use technologies in a range of contexts
- demonstrate problem solving skills
- communicate to different audiences using a range of methods
- engage confidently with and responsibly select and manipulate appropriate technologies materials, data, systems, tools and equipment.

Unit Titles

- Design Processes
- Product Design
- Design for Manufacturing
- Innovation and Design
- Independent Study

Organisation of Content

Design Processes

A design process is the central framework that designers use to create innovative ideas and solutions.

This unit gives students the opportunity to apply a staged design process to develop design solutions. They will apply design thinking in a focus area such as creating products, systems or environments. Student skills and understanding are developed by using the design process to define needs or opportunities, collect information, develop ideas, analyse, plan, produce and evaluate final solutions.

Product Design

Designers play a vital role in shaping the way we live through the design of the products that surround us. This unit gives students the opportunity to develop a user centred product while considering the social, ethical and environmental responsibilities of designers. It provides opportunities for creative thinking, the development of technical knowledge and understanding design opportunities that are brought about by technological change.

Design for Manufacturing

Design for manufacture explores the way in which design solutions are produced using existing and emerging technologies. The focus of this unit is on production processes, prototyping, manufacturing, economy of scale, material properties and emerging technologies. This unit offers students the opportunity to design, make and evaluate design solutions using a range of materials, technologies and production processes.

Innovation and Design

Authentic innovation in design can be achieved by combining process thinking with new ideas and existing and emerging technology. This unit offers students the opportunity to explore an area of futuristic design concepts within the focus areas of systems, product or environment design. Students will use their understanding of: design process; technical knowledge; social, ethical and environmental responsibilities to create, test and evaluate this design solution.

Independent Study

An Independent Study unit has an important place in senior secondary courses. It is a valuable pedagogical approach that empowers students to make decisions about their own learning. An Independent Study unit can be proposed by an individual student for their own independent study and negotiated with their teacher. The program of learning for an Independent Study unit must meet the unit goals and content descriptions as they appear in the course.

Independent Study units are only available to individual students in Year 12. A student can only study a maximum of one Independent Study unit in each course. Students must have studied at least three standard 1.0 units from this course. An Independent Study unit requires the principal's written approval. Principal approval can also be sought by a student in Year 12 to enrol concurrently in an Independent Study unit and their third 1.0 unit in this course of study.

Assessment

The identification of criteria within the achievement standards and assessment task types and weightings provides a common and agreed basis for the collection of evidence of student achievement.

Assessment Criteria (the dimensions of quality that teachers look for in evaluating student work) provide a common and agreed basis for judgement of performance against unit and course goals, within and across colleges. Over a course, teachers must use all these criteria to assess students' performance but are not required to use all criteria on each task. Assessment criteria are to be used holistically on a given task and in determining the unit grade.

Assessment Tasks elicit responses that demonstrate the degree to which students have achieved the goals of a unit based on the assessment criteria. The Common Curriculum Elements (CCE) is a guide to developing assessment tasks that promote a range of thinking skills (see Appendix C). It is highly desirable that assessment tasks engage students in demonstrating higher order thinking.

Rubrics are constructed for individual tasks, informing the assessment criteria relevant for a particular task and can be used to assess a continuum that indicates levels of student performance against each criterion.

Assessment Criteria

Students will be assessed on the degree to which they demonstrate:

- knowledge and understanding
- skills.

Assessment Task Types

	Design Process	Design Solution(s)
	Suggested tasks:	Suggested tasks:
	 design development 	 digital artefact
	 design documentation 	 digital asset
	• essay	 major project
	 extended response 	network
	 oral presentation 	 portfolio
	podcast	• product
	 portfolio (design process) 	prototyping
	 project management 	 software application
	• report	storyboard
	 research task 	website
	 return brief 	
	• review	
	• seminar	
	 short response 	
	 storyboard 	
	web portfolio	
	 workshop 	
Weightings in A 1.0 and 0.5 units	30 - 70%	30 - 70%
Weightings in T 1.0 and 0.5 units	40 - 60%	40 - 60%
Weightings in M 1.0 and 0.5 units	30 - 70%	30 - 70%

Additional Assessment Information

- For a standard unit (1.0), students must complete a minimum of three assessment tasks and a maximum of five.
- For a half standard unit (0.5), students must complete a minimum of two and a maximum of three assessment tasks.
- Assessment tasks for a standard (1.0) or half-standard (0.5) unit must be informed by the Achievement Standards.
- Students should experience a variety of task types and different modes of communication to demonstrate the Achievement Standards.

Achievement Standards

Years 11 and 12 achievement standards are written for A/T courses. A single achievement standard is written for M courses.

A Year 12 student in any unit is assessed using the Year 12 achievement standards. A Year 11 student in any unit is assessed using the Year 11 achievement standards. Year 12 achievement standards reflect higher expectations of student achievement compared to the Year 11 achievement standards. Years 11 and 12 achievement standards are differentiated by cognitive demand, the number of dimensions and the depth of inquiry.

An achievement standard cannot be used as a rubric for an individual assessment task. Assessment is the responsibility of the college. Student tasks may be assessed using rubrics or marking schemes devised by the college. A teacher may use the achievement standards to inform development of rubrics. The verbs used in achievement standards may be reflected in the rubric. In the context of combined Years 11 and 12 classes, it is best practice to have a distinct rubric for Years 11 and 12. These rubrics should be available for students prior to completion of an assessment task so that success criteria are clear.

Achievement Standards Technologies A Course Year 11

T CITI	A student who achieves an A	A student who achieves a B	A student who achieves a C	A student who achieves a D	A student who achieves an E
	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically
ding	analyses the design process and explains decision making	explains the design process and describes decision making	describes the design process with reference to decision making	identifies major features of the design process with minimal reference to decision making	identifies some features of the design process
Knowledge and understanding	analyses technology concepts and principles and explains the properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	• explains technology concepts and principles and describes the properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	describes technology concepts and principles with some reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	identifies major technology concepts and principles with some reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	identifies few technology concepts and principles with minimal reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge
dge and	analyses technologies, explains ethical and sustainable application	• explains technologies, describes ethical and sustainable application	describes technologies with some reference to ethical and sustainable application	identifies major features of technologies with minimal reference to ethical and sustainable application	identifies some features of technologies with minimal reference to ethical and sustainable application
Knowlec	thinks critically, drawing on data and information to solve complex problems and analyses opportunities for application of technology	thinks critically, drawing on data and information to solve problems and explains opportunities for application of technology	draws on data and information to solve problems and describes opportunities for application of technology	identifies some opportunities for application of technology with minimal use of information and data	identifies some opportunities for application of technology with minimal evidence of use of information and data
	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with control and precision demonstrating understanding of the historical and cultural context and its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with control demonstrating understanding of the historical and cultural context and its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with some control demonstrating understanding of context and its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with minimal control demonstrating understanding of its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with limited control demonstrating minimal evidence of understanding its impact
	 creates innovative and high-quality design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and justifies ideas 	 creates high-quality design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and-explains ideas explains potential prototypes and 	creates functional design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and explains ideas describes potential prototypes and	creates simple, functional design solutions/products using some techniques and approaches and describes ideas	creates simple design solutions/products using some basic techniques and approaches and description of ideas
Skills	 analyses potential prototypes and solutions analysing their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review 	solutions and explains their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	solutions and explains their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	identifies potential prototypes and solutions and describes their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	identifies potential prototypes and solutions with minimal reference to their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review
,	communicates complex ideas and insights effectively in a range of mediums and justifies ideas coherently using appropriate evidence, metalanguage, and accurate referencing	communicates ideas effectively in a range of mediums and justifies ideas coherently using appropriate evidence, metalanguage and referencing	communicates ideas appropriately in mediums and explains ideas coherently using appropriate evidence, metalanguage and referencing	communicates ideas in mediums and describes ideas with some use of appropriate evidence with minimal use metalanguage and referencing	communicates basic ideas in few mediums and describes ideas with or no minimal use of appropriate evidence and referencing
	 reflects with insight on their own thinking and evaluates inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively 	 reflects on their own thinking and analyses inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively 	 reflects on their own thinking and explains inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively 	reflects on their own thinking with some reference to planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively	reflects on their own thinking with minimal reference to planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively

Achievement Standards Technologies T Course Year 11

	Achievement Standards Technologies I Course Tear 11				
	A student who achieves an A	A student who achieves a B	A student who achieves a C	A student who achieves a D	A student who achieves an E
	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically
and understanding	 critically analyses the design process and evaluates constraints and implications for decision making synthesises technology theories, concepts and principles and evaluates the properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge 	 analyses the design process and explains constraints and implications for decision making analyses technology theories, concepts and principles and explains the properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge 	explains the design process and describes constraints and implications for decision making explains technology theories, concepts and principles and describes the properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	describes the design process with some reference to constraints and implications for decision making describes technology theories, concepts, and principles with some reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	identifies features of the design process with minimal reference to decision making identifies technology theories, concepts, and principles with some reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge
Knowledge a	 critically analyses technologies and evaluates ethical and sustainable application of technology thinks critically and creatively, drawing on data and information to solve complex problems 	 analyses technologies and explains ethical and sustainable application of technology thinks critically, drawing on data and information to solve complex problems 	explains technologies and describes ethical and sustainable application of technology thinks critically, drawing on data and information to solve problems	describes technologies with some reference to ethical and sustainable application of technology draws on data and information to solve problems and describes opportunities	identifies some features of technologies with minimal reference to ethical and sustainable application of technology applying minimal use of information and data
	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with control and precision demonstrating understanding of the historical and cultural context and its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with control demonstrating understanding of the historical and cultural context and its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with some control demonstrating understanding of context and its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with minimal control demonstrating understanding of its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with limited control demonstrating minimal evidence of understanding its impact
Skills	 creates innovative and high quality design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and justifies ideas coherently analyses potential prototypes and solutions analysing their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review 	 creates high-quality design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and justifies ideas coherently analyses potential prototypes and solutions explaining their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review 	creates functional quality design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and explains ideas coherently explains potential prototypes and solutions describing their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	creates simple, functional design solutions/products using some techniques and approaches and explains ideas describes potential prototypes and solutions with some reference to their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	creates design solutions/products using some basic techniques and approaches and describes ideas identifies potential prototypes and solutions with minimal reference to their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review
S	communicates complex ideas and insights effectively in a range of mediums to a variety of audiences using appropriate evidence, metalanguage, and accurate referencing	communicates ideas effectively in a range of mediums to a variety of audiences using appropriate evidence, metalanguage, and accurate referencing	communicates ideas appropriately in a range of mediums to a variety of audiences using appropriate evidence, metalanguage, and accurate referencing	communicates ideas in mediums to a variety of audiences using some evidence, metalanguage, and referencing	communicates basic ideas in mediums to a variety of audiences using minimal evidence, metalanguage, and some referencing
	 reflects with insight on their own thinking and that of others and evaluates inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work independently and collaboratively 	 reflects on their own thinking and analyses inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work independently and collaboratively 	reflects on their own thinking and explains inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work independently and collaboratively	reflects on their own thinking with some reference to inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work independently and collaboratively	reflects on their own thinking with minimal reference to planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work independently and collaboratively

Achievement Standards Technologies A Course Year 12

7.0	Chievement Standards Technologies A Course Year 12					
	A student who achieves an A	A student who achieves a B	A student who achieves a C	A student who achieves a D	A student who achieves an E	
	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically	
nding	analyses the design process and explains opportunities, constraints and implications for decision making	 explains the design process and describes opportunities, constraints and implications for decision making 	describes the design process with reference to opportunities, constraints and implications for decision making	identifies major features of the design process with minimal reference to opportunities, constraints and implications for decision making	identifies some features of the design process with minimal understanding of opportunities, constraints, and implications	
and understanding	analyses technology theories, concepts and principles and explains the properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	explains technology theories, concepts and principles and describes the properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	describes technology theories, concepts, and principles with some reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	identifies major technology theories, concepts, and principles with some reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	identifies few technology theories, concepts, and principles with minimal reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	
Knowledge ar	analyses technologies in a range of contexts and explains ethical and sustainable application	 explains technologies in a range of contexts and describes ethical and sustainable application 	 describes technologies in a range of contexts with some reference to ethical and sustainable application 	identifies major features of technologies with minimal reference to ethical and sustainable application	identifies some features of technologies with no reference to ethical and sustainable application	
Know	thinks critically, drawing on data and information to solve complex problems and analyses opportunities for application of technology	thinks critically, drawing on data and information to solve problems and explains opportunities for application of technology	draws on data and information to solve problems and describes opportunities for application of technology	identifies some opportunities for application of technology with limited use of information and data	identifies some opportunities for application of technology with minimal evidence of use of information and data	
	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with control and precision demonstrating understanding of the historical and cultural context and its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with control demonstrating understanding of the historical and cultural context and its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with some control demonstrating understanding of context and its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with minimal control demonstrating understanding of its impact	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with limited control demonstrating minimal evidence of understanding its impact	
Skills	 creates innovative and high-quality design solutions/products using efficient techniques and approaches and justifies ideas analyses potential prototypes and solutions, and-analyses their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review 	 creates high-quality design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and explains ideas explains potential prototypes and solutions, and explains their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review 	creates functional design solutions/products using some techniques and approaches and explains ideas describes potential prototypes and solutions, and describes their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	creates functional design solutions/products using some techniques and approaches and describes ideas identifies potential prototypes and solutions, and identifies their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	creates simple design solutions/products using basic techniques and approaches and description of ideas identifies potential prototypes and solutions with minimal reference to their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	
0,	communicates complex ideas and insights effectively in a range of mediums and justifies ideas coherently using appropriate evidence, metalanguage, and accurate referencing	 communicates ideas effectively in a range of mediums and justifies ideas coherently using appropriate evidence, metalanguage and referencing 	communicates ideas appropriately in mediums and explains ideas coherently using appropriate evidence, metalanguage and referencing	communicates ideas in mediums and describes ideas with some use of appropriate evidence with minimal use metalanguage and referencing	communicates basic ideas in few mediums and describes ideas with minimal use of appropriate evidence and referencing	
	reflects with insight on their own thinking and evaluates inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively	 reflects on their own thinking and analyses inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively 	 reflects on their own thinking explains inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively 	reflects on their own thinking with some reference to planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively	reflects on their own thinking with minimal reference to planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively	

Achievement Standards Technologies T Course Year 12

	A student who achieves an A	A student who achieves a B	A student who achieves a C	A student who achieves a D	A student who achieves an E
	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically	grade typically
	critically analyses the design process and evaluates opportunities, constraints and implications for decision making	analyses the design process and explains opportunities, constraints and implications for decision making	explains the design process and describes opportunities, constraints and implications for decision making	describes the design process with some reference to opportunities, constraints and implications for decision making	identifies features of the design process with minimal reference to decision making
anding	critically analyses strategies, methodologies and procedures and evaluates their validity and reliability	analyses strategies, methodologies and procedures and explains their validity and reliability	explains strategies, methodologies and procedures and describes their validity and reliability	describes strategies, methodologies, and procedures with some reference to validity and reliability	identifies some strategies, methodologies, and procedures with- minimal reference to validity and reliability
and understanding	synthesises technology theories, concepts and principles and evaluates the properties of material or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	analyses technology theories, concepts and principles and explains the properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	explains technology theories, concepts and principles and describes the properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	describes technology theories, concepts, and principles with some reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge	identifies technology theories, concepts, and principles with some reference to properties of materials or data or systems to address a need, problem, or challenge
Knowledge	critically analyses technologies in a range of contexts and evaluates ethical and sustainable application of technology	analyses technologies in a range of contexts and explains ethical and sustainable application of technology	explains technologies in a range of contexts and describes ethical and sustainable application of technology	describes technologies in a range of contexts with some reference to ethical and sustainable application of technology	identifies some features of technologies in a range of contexts with minimal reference to ethical and sustainable application of technology
Ķ	thinks critically and creatively, drawing on data and information to solve complex problems and evaluates opportunities for application of technology	thinks critically, drawing on data and information to solve complex problems and analyses opportunities for application of technology	thinks critically, drawing on data and information at times to solve problems and explains opportunities for application of technology	draws on data and information at times to solve problems and describes opportunities for application of technology	identifies some opportunities for application of technology with limited use of information and data
	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies demonstrating an understanding of the historical and cultural context and impact on individuals, groups, communities, and society	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with control demonstrating understanding of the historical and cultural context and impact on individuals, groups, communities, and society	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with some control demonstrating understanding of context and the impact on individuals, groups, communities, and society	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with minimal control demonstrating understanding of the impact on individuals, groups, communities, and society	applies technology concepts, strategies and methodologies with limited control demonstrating little evidence of understanding of the impact on individuals, groups, communities, and society
	creates innovative and high-quality design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and justifies ideas logically and coherently	creates high quality design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and justifies ideas coherently	creates functional design solutions/products using techniques and approaches and justifies ideas	creates functional design solutions/products using some techniques and approaches and explains ideas	creates simple, functional design solutions/products using basic techniques and approaches and describes ideas
Skills	critically analyses potential prototypes and solutions evaluating their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	analyses potential prototypes and solutions analysing their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	explains potential prototypes and solutions explaining their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	describes potential prototypes and solutions describing their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review	 identifies potential prototypes and solutions identifying their appropriateness and effectiveness via iterative improvement and review
	communicates complex ideas and insights effectively in a range of mediums to a variety of audiences using appropriate evidence, metalanguage, and accurate referencing	communicates ideas effectively in a range of mediums to a variety of audiences using appropriate evidence, metalanguage, and accurate referencing	communicates ideas appropriately in a range of mediums to a variety of audiences using appropriate evidence, metalanguage, and accurate referencing	communicates ideas in mediums to a variety of audiences using some evidence, metalanguage and referencing	communicates basic ideas in mediums to a variety of audiences using minimal evidence, metalanguage, and some referencing
	reflects with insight on their own thinking and that of others and evaluates inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques & strategies and capacity to work independently and collaboratively	reflects on their own thinking and that of others and analyses inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively	reflects on their own thinking and that of others and explains inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively	reflects on their own thinking with some reference to inter and intrapersonal skills including planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively	reflects on their own thinking with minimal reference to planning, time management, use of appropriate techniques and strategies and capacity to work both independently and collaboratively

Achievement Standards Technologies M Course

	A student who achieves an A grade typically	A student who achieves a B grade typically	A student who achieves a C grade typically	A student who achieves a D grade typically	A student who achieves an E grade typically
e and nding	describes and uses the design process and procedures with independence	 describes and uses the design process and procedures with some assistance 	 recounts design procedures used with assistance 	identifies design procedures with continuous guidance	identifies design procedures with direct instruction
Knowledge and understanding	 describes practical techniques and materials required to address a need or solve a problem with independence 	 describes practical techniques and materials required to address a need or solve a problem with some assistance 	 recounts practical techniques and materials used to solve a problem with assistance 	 uses practical techniques and materials required with continuous guidance 	identifies practical techniques and materials with direct instruction
	communicates ideas using appropriate terminology with independence	 communicates ideas using appropriate terminology with some assistance 	 communicates ideas using appropriate, terminology with assistance 	 communicates ideas using appropriate, terminology with continuous guidance 	communicates ideas using appropriate terminology with direct instruction
	 makes discerning choice of strategies and procedures to use technology with independence 	 selects strategies and procedures to use technology with some assistance 	 selects strategies and procedures to use technology with assistance 	 selects strategies and procedures to use technology with continuous guidance 	 selects strategies and procedures to use technology with direct instruction
Skills	 demonstrates interpersonal and intrapersonal skills in a range of technology contexts with independence 	 demonstrates interpersonal and intrapersonal skills in a range of technology contexts with some assistance 	 demonstrates interpersonal and intrapersonal skills in technology contexts with assistance 	 demonstrates interpersonal and intrapersonal skills in technology contexts with continuous guidance 	 demonstrates interpersonal and intrapersonal skills in technology contexts with direct instruction
	 plans and undertakes independent inquiries with independence 	 plans and undertakes independent inquiries with some assistance 	 undertakes guided inquiries with assistance 	 undertakes guided inquiries with continuous guidance 	 undertakes simple research on a topic with direct instruction
	 create design solutions/products with independence 	 create design solutions/products with some assistance 	 create design solutions/products with assistance 	 create design solutions/products with continuous guidance 	 create design solutions/products with direct instruction

Design Processes

Design Processes a Value: 0.5
Design Processes b Value: 0.5

Value: 1.0

Unit Description

A design process is the central framework that designers use to create innovative ideas and solutions.

This unit gives students the opportunity to apply a staged design process to develop design solutions. They will apply design thinking in a focus area such as creating products, systems or environments. Student skills and understanding are developed by using the design process to define needs or opportunities, collect information, develop ideas, analyse, plan, produce and evaluate final solutions.

Specific Unit Goals

This unit should enable students to:

A Course	T Course	M Course
analyse the design process	 evaluate the design process 	 describe the design process
 apply design thinking in a focus area such as creating a product, system or environment 	 discuss how design thinking could be used in a focus area such as creating a product, system or environment to meet user needs 	 apply design thinking in a focus area
	 apply design thinking 	

Content Descriptions

All knowledge, understanding and skills below must be delivered:

A Course	T Course	M Course
Design process		
 apply design methodology to explore a variety of design problems 	 apply design methodology to explore a variety of design problems 	use design methodology
 analyse the role of ideas for example, need, opportunity or situation, specifications, constraints, considerations, success criteria within the design process 	 evaluate the role of ideas including need, opportunity or situation, specifications, constraints, considerations, success criteria within the design process 	 describe some considerations in making designs

A Course	T Course	M Course
understand that a design process is a method that is used to solve challenges to change and improve the environment for the way we live	 understand that a design process is a method that is used to solve challenges to change and improve the environment for the way we live 	
Strategies, methodologies and	procedures	
 analyse a design brief which includes need, opportunity or situation, specifications, constraint, considerations and success criteria 	 critically analyse a design brief which includes need, opportunity or situation, specifications, constraint, considerations and success criteria 	 explore design briefs
 apply design processes to develop a solution, for example, products, systems or environments 	 explain how the design processes are applied to develop a solution, including products, systems or environments 	 research factors influencing design
	 evaluate the validity and reliability of strategies, methodologies and procedures of the design process 	
 analyse and synthesise investigative research into factors influencing design, for example, form and function, utility time management 	 critically analyse and synthesise investigative research into factors influencing design, including, form and function, utility time management 	
 work independently and/or collaboratively to design solutions 	 work independently and/or collaboratively to design solutions 	
 understand there are design tools which can, like any other tool, extend and improve our ability to accomplish goals 	 understand there are design tools which can, like any other tool, extend and improve our ability to accomplish goals 	
Theories, concepts and materia	ls	
 apply design ideas to create solutions using appropriate materials, for example, prototyping, models, products 	 explain how design ideas are applied to create solutions using appropriate materials, including, prototyping, models, products 	 use design thinking to create solutions using appropriate materials

A Course	T Course	M Course
use traditional and/or contemporary materials in meeting a design	 discuss how traditional and/or contemporary materials are used in meeting a design 	
 apply skills in representing designs in areas, for example, concept sketches, development drawings, 2-3D visual representations, presentation standards 	 demonstrate the skills used in representing designs in areas, including, concept sketches, development drawings, 2- 3D visual representations, presentation standards 	 represent designs in a variety of ways
Contexts		
 analyse how design is influenced by historical and cultural context and its impact on individuals, groups or society 	 critically analyse how design is influenced by historical and cultural context and its impact on individuals, groups or society 	 explore design contexts and describe how they may impact design
 analyse ethical factors affecting design, for example, needs, function, aesthetics, finance, ergonomics, environmental impact, obsolescence, life cycle analysis 	 evaluate ethical factors affecting design, including, needs, function, aesthetics, finance, ergonomics, environmental impact, obsolescence, life cycle analysis 	
Communication		
 communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports 	 communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports 	 communicate ideas to others using technical terms, both orally and in writing
 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	
 create and justify a design solution, for example, a product, system, environment, prototype, model, visual representation, product or process 	 plan how to create and justify a design solution for a product, system, environment, prototype, model, visual representation, product or process 	 create a design solution using appropriate terminology

A Course	T Course	M Course
 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	 communicate ideas and describe choices
Reflection		
 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	reflect on how to manage deadlines and improve own learning
 reflect on final solution against the set design criteria 	 reflect on final solution as an effective user centred product 	

A guide to reading and implementing content descriptions

Content descriptions specify the knowledge, understanding and skills that students are expected to learn and that teachers are expected to teach. Teachers are required to develop a program of learning that allows students to demonstrate all the content descriptions. The lens which the teacher uses to demonstrate the content descriptions may be either guided through provision of electives within each unit or determined by the teacher when developing their program of learning.

A program of learning is what a college provides to implement the course for a subject. It is at the discretion of the teacher to emphasis some content descriptions over others. The teacher may teach additional (not listed) content provided it meets the specific unit goals. This will be informed by the student needs and interests.

Assessment

Refer to pages 9-11.

Product Design

Product Design a Value: 0.5
Product Design b Value: 0.5

Value: 1.0

Unit Description

Designers play a vital role in shaping the way we live through the design of the products that surround us. This unit gives students the opportunity to develop a user centred product while considering the social, ethical and environmental responsibilities of designers. It provides opportunities for creative thinking, the development of technical knowledge and understanding design opportunities that are brought about by technological change.

Specific Unit Goals

This unit should enable students to:

A Course	T Course	M Course
analyse ethical, social and environmental responsibilities of designers	 critically analyse the ethical, social and environmental responsibilities of designers 	identify responsibilities of designers
 apply technical knowledge to create a user centred product 	 apply technical knowledge to create a user centred product 	 create a user-centred product

Content Descriptions

All knowledge, understanding and skills below must be delivered:

A Course	T Course	M Course
Design process		
 apply design methodology to create and produce a user centred product analyse the product for 	 apply design methodology to create and produce a user centred product evaluate the product for 	 apply elements of the design process
 user centred functionality understand that a design process is a method that is used to solve challenges to change and improve the environment for the way 	 user centred functionality understand that a design process is a method that is used to solve challenges to change and improve the environment for the way 	
we live	we live	

A Course	T Course	M Course
Strategies, methodologies and	procedures	
 analyse the features of innovation in product design, for example, functionality 	 critically analyse the features of innovation in product design, including, functionality 	use appropriate techniques to manufacture a product
 apply creative thinking processes to develop an innovative production, for example, mind mapping, the checklist, thinking hats, lateral thinking, research 	 apply creative thinking processes to develop an innovative production, including, mind mapping, the checklist, thinking hats, lateral thinking, research 	
	 evaluate the reliability and validity of methodologies, strategies and procedures within product design 	
 analyse project, methodologies and risk management strategies 	 critically analyse project, methodologies and risk management strategies 	
 work independently and/or collaboratively to design products 	 work independently and/or collaboratively to design products 	 work independently and/or collaboratively
 manufacture design products using appropriate production techniques 	 manufacture design products using appropriate production techniques 	
 understand there are design tools which can, like any other tool, extend and improve our ability to accomplish goals 	 understand there are design tools which can, like any other tool, extend and improve our ability to accomplish goals 	
Theories, concepts and materia	ıls	
 apply design ideas to create solutions that consider ergonomics, aesthetics and anthropometrics of products 	 apply design ideas to create solutions that consider ergonomics, aesthetics and anthropometrics of products 	 describe how products may differ for different users, for example, children's bikes and adult bikes
 use traditional and/or contemporary materials that have the attributes to meet design needs 	 use traditional and/or contemporary materials that have the attributes to meet design needs 	
 apply appropriate construction methods to create user centre product 	 apply appropriate construction methods to create user centre product 	

A Course	T Course	M Course
Contexts		
analyse contemporary, cultural and historical case studies in relation to products, for example, industrial revolution, Bauhaus, informalism, postmodernism, bio- morphism, International style and indigenous influences	 critically analyse contemporary, cultural and historical case studies in relation to products, such as, industrial revolution, Bauhaus, informalism, postmodernism, biomorphism, International style and indigenous influences 	explore styles and influences in products
 analyse ethical, environmental and social responsibilities of designers 	 evaluate ethical, environmental and social responsibilities of designers 	
Communication		
 communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports 	 communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports 	 communicate ideas to others using technical terms, both orally and in writing
 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	
 use design communication skills to present creative design ideas independently and collaboratively, justifying choices 	 use design communication skills to present creative design ideas independently and collaboratively, justifying choices 	 present design ideas
 create and justify a design solution for a product 	 create and justify a design solution for a product 	
 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	communicate ideas and describe choices
Reflection		
 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	reflect on how to manage deadlines and improve own learning

A Course	T Course	M Course
 reflect on final solution as an effective user centred product 	 reflect on final solution as an effective user centred product 	

A guide to reading and implementing content descriptions

Content descriptions specify the knowledge, understanding and skills that students are expected to learn and that teachers are expected to teach. Teachers are required to develop a program of learning that allows students to demonstrate all the content descriptions. The lens which the teacher uses to demonstrate the content descriptions may be either guided through provision of electives within each unit or determined by the teacher when developing their program of learning.

A program of learning is what a college provides to implement the course for a subject. It is at the discretion of the teacher to emphasis some content descriptions over others. The teacher may teach additional (not listed) content provided it meets the specific unit goals. This will be informed by the student needs and interests.

Assessment

Refer to pages 9-11.

Design for Manufacturing

Design for Manufacturing a Design for Manufacturing b

Unit Description

Design for manufacture explores the way in which design solutions are produced using existing and emerging technologies. The focus of this unit is on production processes, prototyping, manufacturing, economy of scale, material properties and emerging technologies. This unit offers students the opportunity to design, make and evaluate design solutions using a range of materials, technologies and production processes.

Value: 1.0

Value: 0.5

Value: 0.5

Specific Unit Goals

This unit should enable students to:

A Course	T Course	M Course
 analyse production processes, prototyping, manufacturing, economy of scale, material properties 	 evaluate production processes, prototyping, manufacturing, economy of scale, material properties 	 describe production and processes
create design solutions	 create design solutions that address user needs 	 create design solutions

Content Descriptions

All knowledge, understanding and skills below must be delivered:

A Course	T Course	M Course
Design process		
 apply design methodology to develop product designs suitable for manufacture 	 apply design methodology to develop product designs suitable for manufacture 	 apply design methodology to develop product designs suitable for manufacture
 analyse suitability of design solution for manufacturing output 	 evaluate suitability of design solution for manufacturing output 	 describe suitability of design solution for manufacturing output
 understand that a design process is a method that is used to solve challenges to change and improve the environment for the way we live 	 understand that a design process is a method that is used to solve challenges to change and improve the environment for the way we live 	

A Course	T Course	M Course
Strategies, methodologies and	procedures	
 analyse key features of design and manufacturing, for example, suitability of production methods 	 critically analyse key features of design and manufacturing, including, suitability of production methods 	 describe a manufacturing process and environmental or social issues
 apply project management strategies to source, access and use manufacturing processes and expertise to produce one or more design solutions, including, prototypes or products 	 apply project management strategies to source, access and use manufacturing processes and expertise to produce one or more design solutions, including, prototypes or products 	apply project management strategies
	 evaluate the reliability and validity of methodologies, strategies and procedures for manufacturing 	
 analyse contemporary and emerging technologies and production processes and their relationship to social and ethical issues 	 critically analyse contemporary and emerging technologies and production processes and their relationship to social and ethical issues 	produce a design solution
 work independently and/or collaboratively within a design project 	 work independently and/or collaboratively within a design project 	
 understand there are design tools which can, like any other tool, extend and improve our ability to accomplish goals 	 understand there are design tools which can, like any other tool, extend and improve our ability to accomplish goals 	
Theories, concepts and materia	ıls	
 apply the concept of manufacturing as a process that differs from creation of a single product and the resulting impacts on design 	 apply the concept of manufacturing as a process that differs from creation of a single product and the resulting impacts on design 	 describe differences between making a single product and manufacturing processes
 use a combination of materials suitable for a range of applications and analyse the properties and applications of materials 	 use a combination of materials suitable for a range of applications and evaluate the properties and applications of materials 	describe the properties of relevant materials

A Course	T Course	M Course
 apply processes, techniques and finished solutions and factors which may influence design for manufacture 	 apply processes, techniques and finished solutions and factors which may influence design for manufacture 	 describe processes, techniques and finished solutions
Contexts	400.8.1.101.1110.1111.000.10	
analyse the relationship between various manufacturing processes, for example, CAD and CAM output for Rapid prototyping, Laser technology, CNC machining manufacture processes	 critically analyse the relationship between various manufacturing processes, such as, CAD and CAM output for Rapid prototyping, Laser technology, CNC machining manufacture processes 	describe manufacturing processes
 analyse past and ongoing engagement between Australia and global manufacturing industries 	 evaluate past and ongoing engagement between Australia and global manufacturing industries 	 recognise that global countries contribute to manufacturing
Communication		
 communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports 	 communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports 	 communicate ideas to others using technical terms, both orally and in writing
 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	
 communicate technical drawings and standards, including schematic drawings, section views, layout dimensions, scale, AS 1100 	 communicate technical drawings and standards, including schematic drawings, section views, layout dimensions, scale, AS 1100 	 use technical drawings to assist in communicating ideas
 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	 communicate ideas and describe choices
 create and justify a design solution such as a product, system, environment, prototype, mode, product or process 	 create and justify a design solution such as a product, system, environment, prototype, mode, product or process 	

A Course	T Course	M Course
Reflection		
 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	reflect on how to manage deadlines and improve own learning
 reflect on final solution considering processes, techniques and finished solutions in own work against factors influencing design for manufacture 	 reflect on final solution considering processes, techniques and finished solutions in own work against factors influencing design for manufacture 	

A guide to reading and implementing content descriptions

Content descriptions specify the knowledge, understanding and skills that students are expected to learn and that teachers are expected to teach. Teachers are required to develop a program of learning that allows students to demonstrate all the content descriptions. The lens which the teacher uses to demonstrate the content descriptions may be either guided through provision of electives within each unit or determined by the teacher when developing their program of learning.

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Assessment

Refer to pages 9-11.

Innovation and Design

Innovation and Design a Innovation and Design b

Value: 1.0

Value: 0.5 Value: 0.5

Unit Description

Authentic innovation in design can be achieved by combining process thinking with new ideas and existing and emerging technology. This unit offers students the opportunity to explore an area of futuristic design concepts within the focus areas of systems, product or environment design. Students will use their understanding of: design process technical knowledge; social, ethical and environmental responsibilities to create, test and evaluate this design solution.

Specific Unit Goals

This unit should enable students to:

A Course	T Course	M Course
 explore innovative design concepts in systems, product or environment design 	 evaluate innovative design concepts in systems, product or environment design 	 describe an innovative design concept
 apply understanding of design process 	 apply understanding of design process 	 apply understanding of design process

Content Descriptions

All knowledge, understanding and skills below must be delivered:

A Course	T Course	M Course
Design process		
 apply design methodology to develop new ideas using existing and emerging technologies for design solutions 	 apply design methodology to develop new ideas using existing and emerging technologies for design solutions to address user needs 	 apply design methodology to develop new ideas using existing and/or emerging technologies for design solutions
 analyse current emerging technologies and plausible applications for this technology 	 evaluate current emerging technologies and plausible applications for this technology 	
 understand that a design process is a method that is used to solve challenges to change and improve the environment for the way we live 	 understand that a design process is a method that is used to solve challenges to change and improve the environment for the way we live 	

A Course	T Course	M Course
Strategies, methodologies and procedures		
 analyse environmental, cultural, social, ethical and sustainability issues; intellectual property; market research and their impact 	 critically analyse environmental, cultural, social, ethical and sustainability issues; intellectual property; market research and their impact 	
 apply project management to source, access and use innovative processes to produce one or more future focused design solutions, for example, prototypes or final solution 	 apply project management to source, access and use innovative processes to produce one or more future focused design solutions, for example, prototypes or final solution evaluate the reliability and validity of methodologies, strategies and procedures for the creation of innovative solutions 	 apply project management to source, access and use manufacturing processes and expertise to produce one or more design solutions for example prototypes or products
 analyse engineering and design principles of technology, technical concepts and strategies to achieve a design solution 	 critically analyse engineering and design principles of technology, technical concepts and strategies to achieve a design solution 	
 work independently and/or collaboratively within a design solution 	 work independently and/or collaboratively within a design solution 	 work independently and collaboratively within a design project
 understand there are design tools which can, like any other tool, extend and improve our ability to accomplish goals 	 understand there are design tools which can, like any other tool, extend and improve our ability to accomplish goals 	
Theories, concepts and materia	ls	
 apply an understanding of marketing concepts and strategies, including, product, price, promotion, place, people; market driven design contribute to design solutions 	 apply an understanding of marketing concepts and strategies, including, product, price, promotion, place, people; market driven design contribute to design solutions 	 understand concepts in innovation in design

A Course	T Course	M Course
 use a combination of existing and innovative materials suitable for a range of futuristic applications 	 use a combination of existing and innovative materials suitable for a range of futuristic applications 	
 apply presentation strategies for representing concepts, for example, drawing, models, pitch, proposal 	 apply presentation strategies for representing concepts, for example, drawing, models, pitch, proposal 	
Contexts		
analyse directions of innovation in the use of technology, for example, systems or products in aeronautical, space, energy, electronic, mechanical, transport, wearables or ecological focus areas	 critically analyse directions of innovation in the use of technology, such as, systems or products in aeronautical, space, energy, electronic, mechanical, transport, wearables or ecological focus areas 	 explore past and present use of technology
 analyse how innovation has occurred over time in design 	 evaluate how innovation has occurred over time in design 	
Communication		
 communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports 	 communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports 	 communicate ideas to others using technical terms, both orally and in writing
 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	
 communicate and justify ideas and solutions using a wide range of mediums, for example, 3D CAD images, models, detailed 2D images and drawings, process flow diagrams and schematic representations apply project realisation skills to create and present 	 communicate and justify ideas and solutions using a wide range of mediums, such as, 3D CAD images, models, detailed 2D images and drawings, process flow diagrams and schematic representations apply project realisation skills to create and present 	 communicate ideas and solutions using appropriate communication techniques
an innovative final design solution	an innovative final design solution	

A Course	T Course	M Course
 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	communicate ideas and describe choices
Reflection		
 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	reflect on how to manage deadlines and improve own learning
 reflect on how the final solution represents innovation 	 reflect on how the final solution represents innovation 	

A guide to reading and implementing content descriptions

Content descriptions specify the knowledge, understanding and skills that students are expected to learn and that teachers are expected to teach. Teachers are required to develop a program of learning that allows students to demonstrate all the content descriptions. The lens which the teacher uses to demonstrate the content descriptions may be either guided through provision of electives within each unit or determined by the teacher when developing their program of learning.

A program of learning is what a college provides to implement the course for a subject. It is at the discretion of the teacher to emphasis some content descriptions over others. The teacher may teach additional (not listed) content provided it meets the specific unit goals. This will be informed by the student needs and interests.

Assessment

Refer to pages 9-11.

Independent Study

Independent Study a Independent Study b **Value: 1.0**

Value: 0.5 Value: 0.5

Prerequisites

Independent Study units are only available to individual students in Year 12. A student can only study a maximum of one Independent Study unit in each course. Students must have studied at least three standard 1.0 units from this course. An Independent Study unit requires the principal's written approval. Principal approval can also be sought by a student in Year 12 to enrol concurrently in an Independent Study unit and their third 1.0 unit in this course of study.

Unit Description

An Independent Study unit has an important place in senior secondary courses. It is a valuable pedagogical approach that empowers students to make decisions about their own learning. An Independent Study unit can be proposed by an individual student for their own independent study and negotiated with their teacher. The program of learning for an Independent Study unit must meet the unit goals and content descriptions as they appear in the course.

Specific Unit Goals

This unit should enable students to:

A Course	T Course	M Course
 analyse design theories, strategies, processes and methodologies 	 evaluate design theories, strategies, processes and methodologies 	 describe design theories, strategies, processes and methodologies
create a design product	 create a design product to address user needs 	create a design product

Content Descriptions

All knowledge, understanding and skills below must be delivered:

A Course	T Course	M Course
Design process		
apply design methodology to create and produce a product	 apply design methodology to create and produce a product 	 apply the design process to create a product
 analyse the design solution based on criteria for success 	 evaluate the design solution based on criteria for success 	
Strategies methodologies and p	procedures	
analyse the features of the area of study in design and emerging technologies	 analyse the features of the area of study in design and emerging technologies 	 use appropriate techniques to manufacture a product
 analyse and use appropriate production techniques 	 evaluate and use appropriate production techniques 	

A Course	T Course	M Course
 analyse and apply project and risk management strategies use opportunities to work independently and collaboratively within a design and emerging technologies project 	 analyse and apply project and risk management strategies use opportunities to work independently and collaboratively within a design and emerging technologies project evaluate the reliability and validity of methodologies, strategies and procedures 	 work independently and/or collaboratively
Theories, concepts and materia	•	
 analyse design theories, concepts and materials related to the area of study 	 evaluate design theories, concepts and materials related to the area of study 	describe design concepts
Contexts	,	
 investigate contexts relevant to the area of study analyse ethical, environmental and social responsibilities of designers 	 investigate contexts relevant to the area of study evaluate ethical, environmental and social responsibilities of designers 	 explore styles and influences in products
Communication	0 2 2	
communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports	 communicate accurately with others using correct terms in an appropriate format, both orally and in writing including structured reports 	 communicate ideas to others using technical terms, both orally and in writing
 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	 communicate ideas and insights in a range of appropriate mediums to a variety of audiences 	
 create and justify a design solution such as a product, system, environment, prototype, model, visual representation, product or process 	 create and justify a design solution such as a product, system, environment, prototype, model, visual representation, product or process 	
 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	 justify ideas coherently using appropriate evidence and accurate referencing 	 communicate ideas and describe choices

A Course	T Course	M Course
Reflection		
 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	 reflect on own learning style and performance, including planning and time management, to develop strategies to improve own learning 	reflect on how to manage deadlines and improve own learning
 reflect on final solution against the set design criteria 	 reflect on final solution against the set design criteria 	

A guide to reading and implementing content descriptions

Content descriptions specify the knowledge, understanding and skills that students are expected to learn and that teachers are expected to teach. Teachers are required to develop a program of learning that allows students to demonstrate all the content descriptions. The lens which the teacher uses to demonstrate the content descriptions may be either guided through provision of electives within each unit or determined by the teacher when developing their program of learning.

A program of learning is what a college provides to implement the course for a subject. It is at the discretion of the teacher to emphasis some content descriptions over others. The teacher may teach additional (not listed) content provided it meets the specific unit goals. This will be informed by the student needs and interests.

Assessment

Refer to pages 9-11.

Appendix A – Implementation Guidelines

Available course patterns

A standard 1.0 value unit is delivered over at least 55 hours. To be awarded a course, students must complete at least the minimum units over the whole minor, major, major/minor or double major course.

Course	Number of standard units to meet course requirements	
Minor	Minimum of 2 units	
Major	Minimum of 3.5 units	

Units in this course can be delivered in any order.

Prerequisites for the course or units within the course

Students must have studied at least three standard 1.0 units from this course in order to access the Independent Study unit. An Independent Study unit requires the principal's written approval. Principal approval can also be sought by a student in Year 12 to enrol concurrently in an Independent Study unit and their third 1.0 unit in this course of study.

Arrangements for students continuing study in this course

Students who studied the previous course may undertake any units in this course provided there is no duplication of content.

Duplication of Content Rules

Students cannot be given credit towards the requirements for a Senior Secondary Certificate for a unit that significantly duplicates content in a unit studied in another course. The responsibility for preventing undesirable overlap of content studied by a student rests with the principal and the teacher delivering the course. Students will only be given credit for covering the content once.

Guidelines for Delivery

Program of Learning

A program of learning is what a school provides to implement the course for a subject. This meets the requirements for context, scope and sequence set out in the Board endorsed course. Students follow programs of learning in a college as part of their senior secondary studies. The detail, design and layout of a program of learning are a college decision.

The program of learning must be documented to show the planned learning activities and experiences that meet the needs of particular groups of students, taking into account their interests, prior knowledge, abilities and backgrounds. The program of learning is a record of the learning experiences that enable students to achieve the knowledge, understanding and skills of the content descriptions. There is no requirement to submit a program of learning to the OBSSS for approval. The Principal will need to sign off at the end of Year 12 that courses have been delivered as accredited.

Content Descriptions

Are all content descriptions of equal importance? No. It depends on the focus of study. Teachers can customise their program of learning to meet their own students' needs, adding additional content descriptions if desired or emphasising some over others. A teacher must balance student needs with their responsibility to teach all content descriptions. It is mandatory that teachers address all content descriptions and that students engage with all content descriptions.

Half standard 0.5 units

Half standard units appear on the course adoption form but are not explicitly documented in courses. It is at the discretion of the college principal to split a standard 1.0 unit into two half standard 0.5 units. Colleges are required to adopt the half standard 0.5 units. However, colleges are not required to submit explicit documentation outlining their half standard 0.5 units to the BSSS. Colleges must assess students using the half standard 0.5 assessment task weightings outlined in the framework. It is the responsibility of the college principal to ensure that all content is delivered in units approved by the Board.

Moderation

Moderation is a system designed and implemented to:

- provide comparability in the system of school-based assessment
- form the basis for valid and reliable assessment in senior secondary schools
- involve the ACT Board of Senior Secondary Studies and colleges in cooperation and partnership
- maintain the quality of school-based assessment and the credibility, validity and acceptability of Board certificates.

Moderation commences within individual colleges. Teachers develop assessment programs and instruments, apply assessment criteria, and allocate Unit Grades, according to the relevant Course Framework. Teachers within course teaching groups conduct consensus discussions to moderate marking or grading of individual assessment instruments and unit grade decisions.

The Moderation Model

Moderation within the ACT encompasses structured, consensus-based peer review of Unit Grades for all accredited courses over two Moderation Days. In addition to Moderation Days, there is statistical moderation of course scores, including small group procedures, for T courses.

Moderation by Structured, Consensus-based Peer Review

Consensus-based peer review involves the review of student work against system wide criteria and standards and the validation of Unit Grades. This is done by matching student performance with the criteria and standards outlined in the Achievement Standards, as stated in the Framework. Advice is then given to colleges to assist teachers with, or confirm, their judgments. In addition, feedback is given on the construction of assessment instruments.

Preparation for Structured, Consensus-based Peer Review

Each year, teachers of Year 11 are asked to retain originals or copies of student work completed in Semester 2. Similarly, teachers of a Year 12 class should retain originals or copies of student work completed in Semester 1. Assessment and other documentation required by the Office of the Board of Senior Secondary Studies should also be kept. Year 11 work from Semester 2 of the previous year is presented for review at Moderation Day 1 in March, and Year 12 work from Semester 1 is presented for review at Moderation Day 2 in August.

In the lead up to Moderation Day, a College Course Presentation (comprised of a document folder and a set of student portfolios) is prepared for each A, T and M course/units offered by the school and is sent into the Office of the Board of Senior Secondary Studies.

The College Course Presentation

The package of materials (College Course Presentation) presented by a college for review on Moderation Days in each course area will comprise the following:

- a folder containing supporting documentation as requested by the Office of the Board through memoranda to colleges, including marking schemes and rubrics for each assessment item
- a set of student portfolios containing marked and/or graded written and non-written
 assessment responses and completed criteria and standards feedback forms. Evidence of all
 assessment responses on which the Unit Grade decision has been made is to be included in
 the student review portfolios.

Specific requirements for subject areas and types of evidence to be presented for each Moderation Day will be outlined by the Board Secretariat through the *Requirements for Moderation Memoranda* and Information Papers.

Visual evidence for judgements made about practical performances

It is a requirement that schools' judgements of standards to practical performances (A/T/M) be supported by visual evidence (still photos or video).

The photographic evidence submitted must be drawn from practical skills performed as part of the assessment process.

Teachers should consult the BSSS website for current information regarding all moderation requirements including subject specific and photographic evidence.

Appendix B – Course Developers

Name	College
Juliet Harris	Canberra Girls Grammar School
Terence Pereira	Marist College
Kevin Robertson	St John Paul II College

Appendix C – Common Curriculum Elements

Common curriculum elements assist in the development of high-quality assessment tasks by encouraging breadth and depth and discrimination in levels of achievement.

Organisers	Elements	Examples
create, compose and apply	apply	ideas and procedures in unfamiliar situations, content and processes in non-routine settings
	compose	oral, written and multimodal texts, music, visual images, responses to complex topics, new outcomes
	represent	images, symbols or signs
	create	creative thinking to identify areas for change, growth and innovation, recognise opportunities, experiment to achieve innovative solutions, construct objects, imagine alternatives
	manipulate	images, text, data, points of view
analyse,	justify	arguments, points of view, phenomena, choices
synthesise and	hypothesise	statement/theory that can be tested by data
evaluate	extrapolate	trends, cause/effect, impact of a decision
	predict	data, trends, inferences
	evaluate	text, images, points of view, solutions, phenomenon, graphics
	test	validity of assumptions, ideas, procedures, strategies
	argue	trends, cause/effect, strengths and weaknesses
	reflect	on strengths and weaknesses
	synthesise	data and knowledge, points of view from several sources
	analyse	text, images, graphs, data, points of view
	examine	data, visual images, arguments, points of view
	investigate	issues, problems
organise,	sequence	text, data, relationships, arguments, patterns
sequence and	visualise	trends, futures, patterns, cause and effect
explain	compare/contrast	data, visual images, arguments, points of view
	discuss	issues, data, relationships, choices/options
	interpret	symbols, text, images, graphs
	explain	explicit/implicit assumptions, bias, themes/arguments, cause/effect, strengths/weaknesses
	translate	data, visual images, arguments, points of view
	assess	probabilities, choices/options
	select	main points, words, ideas in text
identify,	reproduce	information, data, words, images, graphics
summarise and	respond	data, visual images, arguments, points of view
plan	relate	events, processes, situations
	demonstrate	probabilities, choices/options
	describe	data, visual images, arguments, points of view
	plan	strategies, ideas in text, arguments
	classify	information, data, words, images
	identify	spatial relationships, patterns, interrelationships
	summarise	main points, words, ideas in text, review, draft and edit

Appendix D – Glossary of Verbs

Verbs	Definition	
Analyse	Consider in detail for the purpose of finding meaning or relationships, and identifying patterns, similarities and differences	
Apply	Use, utilise or employ in a particular situation	
Argue	Give reasons for or against something	
Assess	Make a Judgement about the value of	
Classify	Arrange into named categories in order to sort, group or identify	
Compare	Estimate, measure or note how things are similar or dissimilar	
Compose	The activity that occurs when students produce written, spoken, or visual texts	
Contrast	Compare in such a way as to emphasise differences	
Create	Bring into existence, to originate	
Critically analyse	Analysis that engages with criticism and existing debate on the issue	
Demonstrate	Give a practical exhibition an explanation	
Describe	Give an account of characteristics or features	
Discuss	Talk or write about a topic, taking into account different issues or ideas	
Evaluate	Examine and judge the merit or significance of something	
Examine	Determine the nature or condition of	
Explain	Provide additional information that demonstrates understanding of reasoning and /or application	
Extrapolate	Infer from what is known	
Hypothesise	Put forward a supposition or conjecture to account for certain facts and used as a basis for further investigation by which it may be proved or disproved	
Identify	Recognise and name	
Interpret	Draw meaning from	
Investigate	Planning, inquiry into and drawing conclusions about	
Justify	Show how argument or conclusion is right or reasonable	
Manipulate	Adapt or change	
Plan	Strategize, develop a series of steps, processes	
Predict	Suggest what might happen in the future or as a consequence of something	
Reflect	The thought process by which students develop an understanding and appreciation of their own learning. This process draws on both cognitive and affective experience	
Relate	Tell or report about happenings, events or circumstances	
Represent	Use words, images, symbols or signs to convey meaning	
Reproduce	Copy or make close imitation	
Respond	React to a person or text	
Select	Choose in preference to another or others	
Sequence	Arrange in order	
Summarise	Give a brief statement of the main points	
Synthesise	Combine elements (information/ideas/components) into a coherent whole	
Test	Examine qualities or abilities	
Translate	Express in another language or form, or in simpler terms	
Visualise	The ability to decode, interpret, create, question, challenge and evaluate texts that communicate with visual images as well as, or rather than, words	

Appendix E – Glossary for ACT Senior Secondary Curriculum

Courses will detail what teachers are expected to teach and students are expected to learn for year 11 and 12. They will describe the knowledge, understanding and skills that students will be expected to develop for each learning area across the years of schooling.

Learning areas are broad areas of the curriculum, including English, mathematics, science, the arts, languages, health and physical education.

A **subject** is a discrete area of study that is part of a learning area. There may be one or more subjects in a single learning area.

Frameworks are system documents for Years 11 and 12 which provide the basis for the development and accreditation of any course within a designated learning area. In addition, frameworks provide a common basis for assessment, moderation and reporting of student outcomes in courses based on the framework.

The **course** sets out the requirements for the implementation of a subject. Key elements of a course include the rationale, goals, content descriptions, assessment, and achievement standards as designated by the framework.

BSSS courses will be organised into units. A unit is a distinct focus of study within a course. A standard 1.0 unit is delivered for a minimum of 55 hours generally over one semester.

Core units are foundational units that provide students with the breadth of the subject.

Additional units are avenues of learning that cannot be provided for within the four core 1.0 standard units by an adjustment to the program of learning.

An **independent study unit** is a pedagogical approach that empowers students to make decisions about their own learning. Independent study units can be proposed by a student and negotiated with their teacher, but must meet the specific unit goals and content descriptions as they appear in the course.

An **elective** is a lens for demonstrating the content descriptions within a standard 1.0 or half standard 0.5 unit.

A lens is a particular focus or viewpoint within a broader study.

Content descriptions refer to the subject-based knowledge, understanding and skills to be taught and learned.

A **program of learning** is what a college develops to implement the course for a subject and to ensure that the content descriptions are taught and learned.

Achievement standards provide an indication of typical performance at five different levels (corresponding to grades A to E) following completion of study of senior secondary course content for units in a subject.

ACT senior secondary system **curriculum** comprises all BSSS approved courses of study.

Appendix F – Course Adoption

Conditions of Adoption

The course and units of this course are consistent with the philosophy and goals of the college and the adopting college has the human and physical resources to implement the course.

Adoption Process

Course adoption must be initiated electronically by an email from the principal or their nominated delegate to bssscertification@ed.act.edu.au. A nominated delegate must CC the principal.

The email will include the **Conditions of Adoption** statement above, and the table below adding the **College** name, and circling the **Classification/s** required.

College:	
Course Title:	Design & Emerging Technologies
Classification/s:	A T M
Accredited from:	2020
Framework:	Technologies 2018